Harnessing the power of personality: The MBTI® and its real-world applications

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- Experienced consultant specializing in team and leadership development and coaching
- Masters-level qualification in Occupational Psychology and an HCPC-registered psychologist
- MBTI type ESFP



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Session overview

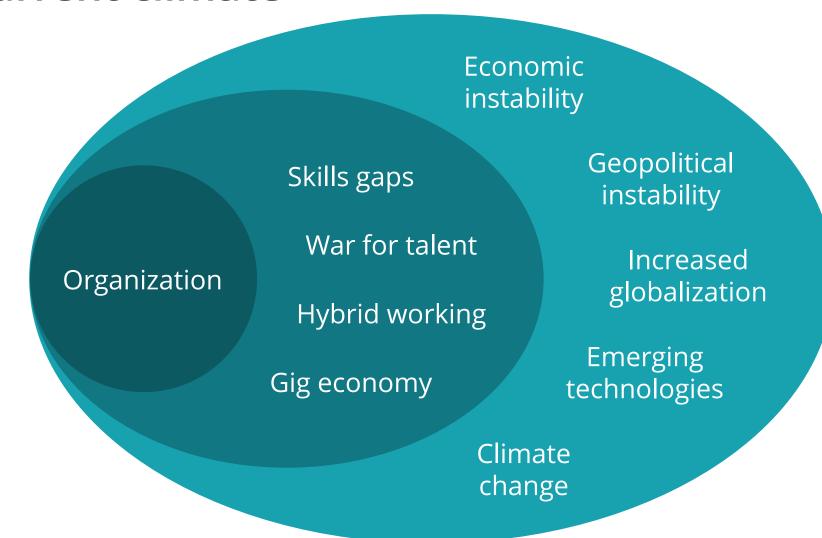
- Setting the scene
- The MBTI framework
- Real-world applications
 - Collaboration & teamworking
 - Problem-solving & decision-making
 - Change agility
 - Conflict management
- Embedding the MBTI



Setting the scene



The current climate





Importance of human skills

- For organizations to be agile, efficient and effective, employees must be too
- In this climate, human skills are paramount

What are human skills?

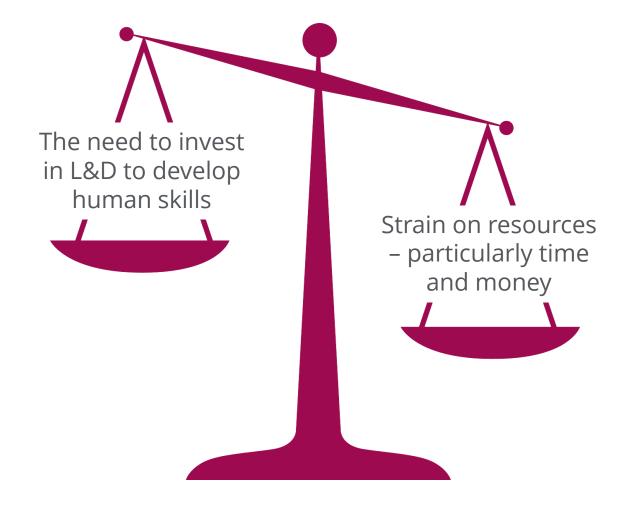
Skills we use to relate to and interact with others

Collaboration Communication Change agility Emotional intelligence Conflict management Problem-solving





A dilemma



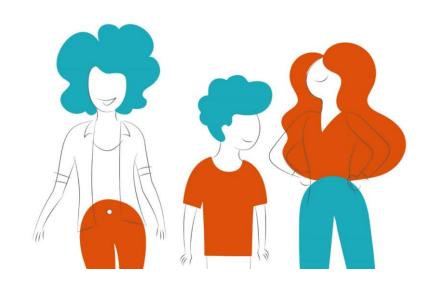


A solution

- Harnessing the power of what's already there: personality
- An individual's characteristic pattern of thought, emotion and behavior (Funder, 1997)

Why personality?

- Fundamental to how we relate to others
- We can develop our behaviors to be more effective
- Leveraging diversity to maximize performance
- One tool with diverse applications to address multiple development needs



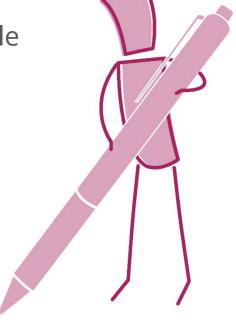


The MBTI® framework



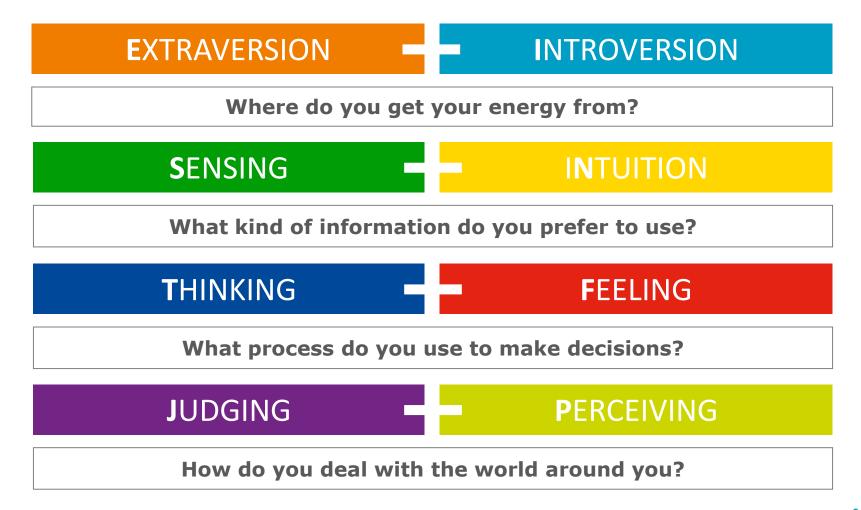
Key principles

- The MBTI is not a test, but an indicator of personality preferences
- "Preference" tells us what you find most energizing and comfortable
 rather than what you are good at
- Everyone can (and should) use all eight of the preferences
- There are no better or worse types: all types have potential strengths and stretches
- Each individual is best placed to decide their own type
- MBTI results are not meant to limit or stereotype





The four preference pairs





The 16 types

































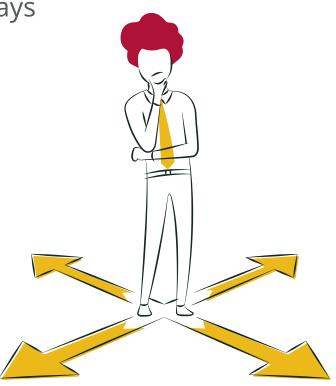


Why the MBTI?

- Describes personality differences in positive, constructive ways
- Our preferences don't change, but our behaviors can
- Greater ability to flex makes us more agile and effective

The MBTI can help us by...

- Raising awareness of what our preferences are, so that we have greater choice over how we use them
- Appreciating important differences between people to leverage that diversity and maximize performance





Collaboration & teamworking

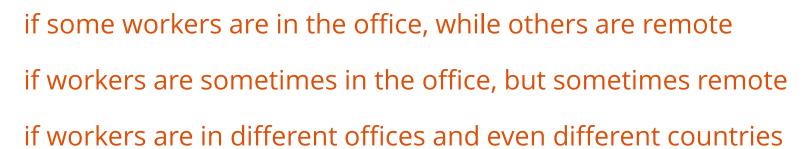


What does good collaboration look like to you?



Collaboration in the current climate

- Individuals working to achieve a common goal
- More challenging in a hybrid, dispersed environment...



- Can lead to feelings of disconnection and compromised trust
- But, also a risk of over-connecting online to compensate
- Different people have different preferences for how to collaborate





The MBTI & collaboration

EXTRAVERSION

- Tend to be expressive in meetings, talk things through
- Prefer a lively, stimulating environment
- Like to get into action quickly, solve problems through interaction

JUDGING

- Tend to plan step-by-step, implement a structure or method
- Prefer to start early, work in a steady manner to avoid lastminute pressures
- Like to make decisions quickly

INTROVERSION

- Tend to be contained in meetings, think things through
- Prefer a calm, quiet environment
- Like to spend time in reflection, solve problems through concentration

PERCEIVING

- Tend to plunge in first, work out what's needed along the way
- May feel limited by a fixed plan and energized by last-minute pressures
- Like to keep options open, respond flexibly to what emerges



The MBTI & collaboration

"Decisive Autonomous introverts" and resolute "Adaptable Autonomous introverts" and flexible "Adaptable Connected extraverts" and flexible "Decisive Connected and resolute extraverts"



Real-world example: Veolia Group

Context

- Water, waste and energy management for sustainable development
- Operates in five continents, more than 170,000 employees

Challenges

- Developing collaboration across multicultural, transnational teams
- Improving communication and strengthening team cohesion
- Finding a common 'language' for team development



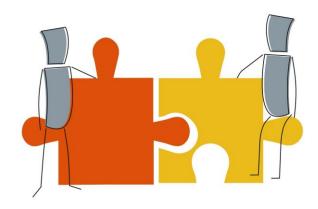
Real-world example: Veolia Group

Solution

- Program of MBTI seminars focused on self-discovery and collaboration
- Co-created and co-hosted with our consultants, to complement existing initiatives

Results

- "I understand better why my colleagues react this way"
- Team negotiations to approach meetings differently, solicit managers sooner, and ask questions at a different time
- Continuation of the program across Central Europe and the US delivered by internal MBTI practitioners





Decision-making & problem-solving



What is most important to you when making a difficult decision?



Decision-making & problem-solving in the current climate

- Finding a solution to a difficult or complex issue, by gathering information and assessing alternative courses of action
- More challenging in a climate of instability and innovation...
 - when resources are limited or uncertain
 - when landscapes evolve quickly and without warning
- Pressure on organizations to 'future-proof' key decisions
- Individual biases in how we gather, process and evaluate information





The MBTI & decision-making

SENSING

- Tend to focus on concrete facts and specifics, what is known
- Prefer to rely on what has been tried and tested in the past
- Value practical solutions that meet present needs

THINKING

- Tend to step out of the situation to decide objectively
- Prefer to use logic, analysis and impersonal criteria
- Prioritize completion and performance of the task

INTUITION

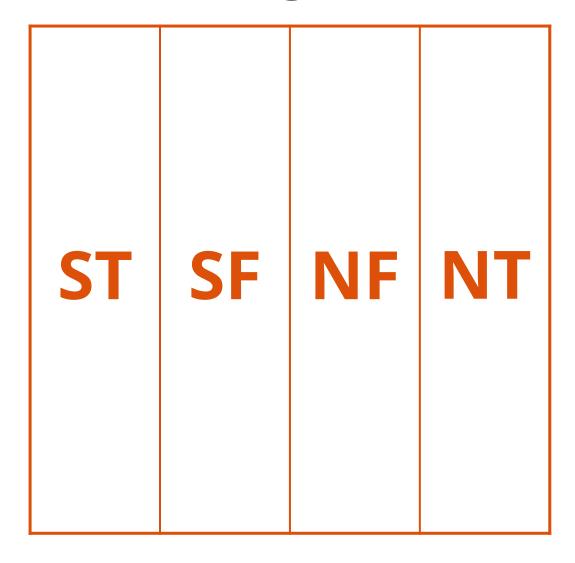
- Tend to focus on abstract ideas and the 'big picture', what could be
- Prefer to explore alternatives as an opportunity to try new things
- Value innovative solutions that open up future possibilities

FEELING

- Tend to step into the situation to weigh things subjectively
- Prefer to use personal values and empathy
- Prioritize relationships and impact on individuals



The MBTI & decision-making





A decision-making model

Focus on the Focus on here and now connections, and concrete, themes, and realistic data the future Logically Considering values and the weighing up the pros and impact on people cons



Real-world example: Pharmaceutical logistics company

Context

- Leading distributor of pharmaceutical and healthcare products serving pharmacies, hospitals and doctors
- Delivering over 10 million items per week to more than 14,000 pharmacies and other organizations

Challenges

- Improving management capability across the organization
- Dealing with an increasingly complex working environment
- Needing to make well-rounded decisions at pace



Real-world example: Pharmaceutical logistics company

Solution

- A modular development program focusing on people leadership, navigating change and effective decision-making
- Decision-making module focused on real scenarios to ensure face validity and transfer of learning

Results

- Sessions were delivered to the Board and 36 senior managers providing a common language across the business
- "It has really made me thinking about what I am prioritizing when I'm making decisions.
 Consciously considering a range of options will enable me to be more effective."
- Internal MBTI practitioners were trained to deliver the program providing a more costeffective and sustainable long-term solution

Change agility



What is most important to you when going through a time of change?



Change agility in the current climate

- Ability to adapt to change, as an opportunity rather than a threat
- Even more important in a climate of instability and innovation...
 - when resources are limited or uncertain
 - when landscapes evolve quickly and without warning
- Ability to respond to change can be 'make or break' for organizations
- Change can be source of great stress for leaders, teams and individuals
- A need to approach change proactively, rather than simply playing 'catch-up'





The MBTI & change

EXTRAVERSION

- Prefer face-to-face communication to talk the change through
- Want to get into action quickly, to keep up the pace
- Might become frustrated if the change moves too slowly

SENSING

- Value change that will improve practical processes and results
- Want to know facts and specifics of how the change will work
- Use past experiences to evaluate how realistic the change is

INTROVERSION

- Prefer written communication to think the change through
- Want time to assimilate the change before taking action
- Might become frustrated if the change is not thought through

INTUITION

- Value change that will broaden future possibilities
- Want to know how the change fits with the bigger picture
- Use imagination to explore how the future will be



The MBTI & change

"Thoughtful "Thoughtful realists" innovators" ES EN "Action-oriented "Action-oriented realists" innovators"



Real-world example: Macmillan Cancer Support

Context

- Healthcare, information and financial support to people affected by cancer
- One of UK's largest charities, supporting over 2.3 million people affected by cancer

Challenges

- Regional service development team to be impacted by significant organizational change
- Changes would require new team structures, new systems and new ways of working
- Team leader recognized the need to prepare in advance of the changes



Real-world example: Macmillan Cancer Support

Solution

- A four-session program delivered over a 12-month period
- Sessions focused on reactions to changes, supporting one another and resilience
- Well-being and mindfulness exercises to provide time for reflection and connection

Results

- "I have noticed a very positive, mature attitude to the change process across the team"
- The team leader received feedback from senior management that changes had been implemented and embedded more smoothly in her region than anywhere else



Conflict management



How do you feel when you see conflict on the horizon?



Conflict in the current climate

- Difference of opinions, values or interests between two or more individuals
- Might relate to a task, process or relationship
- A little can be good, but too much conflict...
 - wastes valuable time and therefore money
 - reduces engagement and retention due to stress
- May be exacerbated by cultural differences
- Harder to manage conflict in a hybrid environment





The MBTI & conflict

THINKING

- Tend to seek objective truth, want to fix what is wrong
- Ask questions to clarify the content of the conflict
- Prefer to put feelings to one side, may seem detached or critical

JUDGING

- Prefer to resolve conflict quickly and move on
- Tend to focus on the output of the conflict moving forwards
- May feel uncomfortable while conflict is ongoing

FEELING

- Tend to seek harmony, want to support what is right
- Look for common ground, ensure different views are respected
- Prefer to connect with feelings, may appear to avoid conflict

PERCEIVING

- Prefer to create space to explore and clarify all the options
- Tend to focus on the input of the people involved in the conflict
- May feel constrained if decisions are made too quickly



The MBTI & conflict









"The debaters"



Real-world example: global distillery company

Context

- Family-owned distillery company in operation for over 130 years
- Employs over 2,800 people in over 50 global locations

Challenges

- Managing conflict by improving understanding and communication
- Dealing with differences in a constructive, non-judgemental way
- Providing a cost-effective efficient solution, tailored to fit individual needs



Real-world example: global distillery company

Solution

- Paired coaching process available for any individual experiencing conflict peer to peer, manager to direct report, project team workers
- Began with individual MBTI feedback sessions, followed by time for reflection before paired coaching
- Used the MBTI comparison report to discuss differences in a constructive way

Results

- "It has hugely helped in terms of understanding the reasons for our behavior and why we were struggling to work together."
- "Our working relationship is so much more productive now I feel like we can be more honest with each other."

Embedding the MBTI®



The MBTI in practice

- Initial feedback sessions individually or in groups to establish best-fit type
- Further sessions, depending on the objectives:

Skills development

Team development

Coaching and leadership

Two options for delivery:

Internal practitioners

Partnership support





Certification training & ongoing support

MBTI Step I certification

- Three-day workshop available in-person (Oxford), virtually (Zoom) or in-house
- Also available in a self-guided format with three virtual instructor-led sessions

MBTI Step II certification

- Two-day workshop available virtually (Zoom) or in-house
- Also available as part of the self-guided Step I certification
- Ongoing support for practitioners through customer support, account management, and our practitioner helpdesk



Certification training & ongoing support

MBTI certification

- Includes Step I and Step II
- Instructor led options in person or virtually
- Also available in a self-guided format with three virtual instructor-led sessions
- Ongoing support for practitioners through customer support, account management, regular resources and free webinars



Thank you for listening

